

The Future of European Industrial Policy

In the current landscape of significant technological, economic and geopolitical shifts, Europe needs a forward-looking industrial policy to boost innovation, productivity, quality job creation, sustainability and growth. However, simultaneous crises, including the COVID-19 pandemic and the Russian war of aggression against Ukraine, have resulted in supply chain strains, rising energy prices and general uncertainty. Still, challenges can create opportunities for companies and citizens – if they are addressed properly. This Forum considers the priorities for the future of European industrial policy that are critical for the EU's economic security.

European Industrial Policy in the 2020s: Rationale, Challenges and Limitations

Sebastian Dullien, Macroeconomic Policy Institute (IMK), Düsseldorf; and HTW Berlin – University of Applied Sciences, Germany.

An Innovation-Based Industrial Policy for the EU

Reinhilde Veugelers, University of Leuven, Belgium; and Bruegel, Brussels, Belgium.

Rationales for Industrial Policy in the Semiconductor Industry

Fabrice Naumann, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, Munich, Germany.

Monika Schnitzer, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, Munich, Germany.

Framework Conditions for Net-Zero Industry Clusters in Europe

André Wolf, Centre for European Policy, Berlin, Germany.